



SWAPNESH & ASSOCIATES

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

7/1A GRANTLANE, 1ST FLOOR ROOM NO. 1C, KOLKATA-700 012

E-mail: swapneshassociates06@gmail.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Members of

CHOWRASTA STORES PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **CHOWRASTA STORES PRIVATE LIMITED** which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025, the Statement of Profit & Loss ended on that date and summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025, of its statement of Profit for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Board's Report including Annexure to the Board's Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information. We are required to report that fact. We have



Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position and financial performance of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these standalone financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.



In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the Company has in place an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As per the information and explanations given to us together with our examination of books of account, we report that **Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020** ("the Order"), as issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, is not applicable.
- As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report, to the extent applicable that:
 - We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
 - In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company, so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit & Loss Statement dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of accounts;
 - In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
 - On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2025 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, we report that none of the director is disqualified as on March 31, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) the Act.
 - According to information and explanations given to us together with our audit examination, reporting with respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls is not applicable on the company".
 - With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report under section 197(16) of the Act.
 - In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, provisions of section 197 are not applicable on the company.
 - With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rule, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations to us.
 - The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - The Company did not have any long term contracts including derivatives contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.



- There were no amounts that were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- Pursuant to the requirements of Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), based on our examination which included test checks, in our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us:
 - The company has maintained an audit trail (edit log) facility by using accounting software for recording all transactions for the financial year ended 31 March 2025;
 - The audit trail feature has been operated throughout the year for all transactions recorded in the software;
 - The audit trail has not been tampered with during the year while recording the transactions.
 - The audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

For Swapnesh & Associates

Chartered Accountants

F.R.N.-326908E



(Sridevi Subramanian)

Partner

M. No.: 068205

UDIN: 25068205BMOMKH3246



Date: 30th day of April '2025

Place: Kolkata

Financial statements and Independent Auditors' report

CHOWRASTA STORES PRIVATE LIMITED

31st March 2025

CHOWRASTA STORES PRIVATE LIMITED
CIN: U51228WB1999PTC090374
Regd. Office: P- 45, GORAGACHA ROAD KOLKATA - 700 053
Email Id : chowrasta2019@gmail.com

Statement of Audited Financial Results for the quarter and year ended 31st March, 2025

Particulars	Quarter ended			Year ended	
	31.03.2025	31.12.2024	31.03.2024	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
Revenue					
Revenue from operations	248.24	300.08	223.25	1,027.70	893.97
Other income	7.22	2.43	0.98	16.83	7.07
Total income	255.46	302.51	224.23	1,044.53	901.04
Expenses					
Purchases of Stock-in-Trade	241.05	278.70	224.50	1,000.81	878.53
Changes in Inventories of finished goods & Stock-in-Trade	(2.19)	6.33	(16.23)	(21.27)	(27.98)
Employee benefits expense	3.43	2.85	5.17	10.54	14.76
Other expenses	9.54	11.62	9.33	43.27	27.29
Total expenses	251.83	299.50	222.77	1,033.35	892.60
Profit/(loss) before tax	3.63	3.01	1.46	11.18	8.44
Tax expense					
Current tax	0.91	0.86	0.37	2.81	2.12
Deferred tax	0.01	-	0.01	0.01	0.01
Total tax expenses	0.92	0.86	0.38	2.82	2.13
Profit/(loss) for the period After Tax	2.72	2.15	1.08	8.37	6.30
Other Comprehensive Income					
Items that will not be reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss					
(i) Remeasurement benefit of defined benefit plans	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Income tax on remeasurement benefit of defined benefit plans	-	-	-	-	-
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive income for the period	2.72	2.15	1.08	8.37	6.30
Paid up Equity Share Capital (face value of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up)	491,900	491,900	491,900	491,900	491,900
Earnings per equity share (face value of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up) (not annualised)					
(a) Basic (₹)	5.52	4.38	2.20	17.01	12.81
(b) Diluted (₹)	5.52	4.38	2.20	17.01	12.81

Notes:

- The above Statement of Audited Financial Results for the quarter ended and year ended 31st March, 2024 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on April , 2025.
- Limited Review as required under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 has been carried out by the Statutory Auditors.
- The figures for the last quarter for previous financial year are the balancing figures between the audited figures in respect of the full financial year ended 31 March 2024 and the unaudited (with limited review) year to date figures upto the third quarter ended 31st December 2024 of the previous financial year.
- The Company is primarily engaged in " Retail Shop of Liquor " and as such no separate information is required to be furnished in terms of Ind AS 108 "Operating segments".

For and on behalf of the Board
Chowrasta Stores Private Limited
For CHOWRASTA STORES PVT. LTD.

Niranjan

Niranjan Kumar Choraria
Director
(DIN : 03626290)

Director

Place: Kolkata

Date: 30.04.2025

UDIN :- 25068205BMOMKH3246



Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2025

(Amount in Lakhs)

	Notes	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Assets			
Non-current assets			
a) Property, plant and equipment	3	0.08	0.08
b) Long Term Loans & Advances	4	85.00	103.94
Total non-current assets		85.08	104.02
Current assets			
a) Inventories	5	59.36	38.09
b) Cash and cash equivalents	6	16.14	11.66
c) Other current assets	7	9.59	9.33
Total current assets		85.09	59.08
Total Assets		170.17	163.10
Equity and liabilities			
Equity			
a) Equity share capital	8	4.92	4.92
b) Other equity	9	150.09	141.72
Total equity		155.01	146.64
Liabilities			
Non-current Liabilities			
a) Deferred tax Liabilites (net)	10	0.00	0.01
Total non-current liabilities		0.00	0.01
Current liabilities			
a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Trade payables			
- Others	11	-	1.96
(iii) Other financial liabilities	12	2.73	2.75
b) Provisions	13	12.43	11.74
		15.16	16.45
Total Equity and Liabilities		170.17	163.10

The accompanying notes 1 to 31 form an integral part of these financial statements.

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For Swapnesh & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 326908E

Slidevi S
Slidevi Subramanian
Partner
Membership No. : 068205

UDIN:- 25068205BMO MKH3246



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Chowrasta Stores Private Limited

For CHOWRASTA STORES PVT. LTD. For CHOWRASTA STORES PVT. LTD.

Director

Bal Kishan Gourisaria
Director
(DIN : 01568557)

Choraria

Director

Niranjan Kumar Choraria
Director
(DIN : 03626290)

Place: Kolkata

Date: 30th day of April 2025

CHOWRASTA STORES PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U51228WB1999PTC090374

P-45 GORAGACHA ROAD KOLKATA- 700053

Email Id : chowrasta2019@gmail.com

Statement of profit and loss for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Amount in Lakhs)

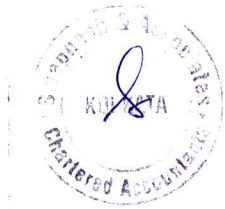
	Notes	Year ended 31 March 2025	Year ended 31 March 2024
Revenue			
Revenue from operations	14	1,027.69	893.97
Other income	15	16.83	7.07
Total income		1,044.52	901.04
Expenses			
Purchases of Stock-in-Trade	16	1,000.80	878.53
Changes in Inventories of finished goods & Stock-in-Trade		(21.27)	(27.98)
Employee benefits expense	17	10.54	14.76
Other expenses	18	43.27	27.29
Total expenses		1,033.34	892.60
Profit/(loss) before tax		11.18	8.44
Tax expense:			
Current tax		2.81	2.12
Deferred tax	19	0.01	0.01
Total Tax Expenses		2.82	2.13
Profit/(loss) after tax for the year		8.36	6.31
Other comprehensive income			
Total other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		8.36	6.31
Earnings per equity share	20		
(a) Basic (₹)		17.00	12.83
(b) Diluted (₹)		17.00	12.83

The accompanying notes 1 to 31 form an integral part of these financial statements.

This is the Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

For Swapnesh & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 326908E

Sridevi Subramanian
Partner
Membership No. : 068205



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Chowrasta Stores Private Limited

For CHOWRASTA STORES PVT. LTD.

For CHOWRASTA STORES PVT. LTD.

Director
Bal Kishan Gourisaria
Director
(DIN : 01568557)

Director
Niranjana Kumar Choraria
Director
(DIN : 03626290)

UDIN:- 25068205BMOMKH3246

Place: Kolkata

Date: 30th Day of April 2025

CHOWRASTA STORES PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U51228WB1999PTC090374

P-45 GORAGACHA ROAD KOLKATA- 700053

Email Id : chowrasta2019@gmail.com

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Amount in Lakhs)

	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
A. Equity share capital		
Balance as at the beginning of the reporting year	4.92	4.92
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	-
Balance as at the end of the reporting year	4.92	4.92
B. Other equity		
Balance as at 31 March 2024	137.94	131.75
Profit/(Loss) for the year	8.36	6.30
Other comprehensive income (net of taxes)	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2025	146.31	138.05

The accompanying notes 1 to 31 form an integral part of these financial statements.

This is the Statement of Changes in Equity referred to in our report of even date.

For Swapnesh & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 326908E

Sridevi Subramanian
Partner
Membership No. : 068205



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Chowrasta Stores Private Limited

For CHOWRASTA STORES PVT. LTD.

For CHOWRASTA STORES PVT. LTD.

Director

Bal Kishan Gourisaria
Director
(DIN : 01568557)

Director

Niranjana Kumar Choraria
Director
(DIN : 03626290)

UDIN:- 25068205 BMO MKH 3246
Place: Kolkata
Date: 30th day of April 2025

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Amount in Lakhs)

	Year ended 31 March 2025	Year ended 31 March 2024
A. Cash flow from Operating Activities		
Profit/(loss) before tax	11.18	8.44
Adjustments for:		
Less: Deferred Tax	0.01	0.01
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	-	-
Operating profit / (loss) before working capital changes	11.17	8.43
Adjustments for changes in working capital:		
Increase/(decrease) in other Financial Liabilities	(0.02)	(0.22)
Increase/(decrease) in Trade Payables	(1.96)	-
Increase/(decrease) in Provision	0.68	0.92
(Increase)/decrease in Long Term Loans & Advances	18.94	(103.94)
(Increase)/decrease in Inventories	(21.27)	(27.98)
Increase/(decrease) in Deferred tax	0.01	0.01
(Increase)/decrease in Short Term Loans and Advances	-	103.94
(Increase)/decrease in Other Current Assets	(0.26)	19.23
Cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	7.29	0.40
Income tax paid	2.81	2.13
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	4.48	(1.73)
B. Cash flow from Investing Activities		
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities	-	-
C. Cash flow from Financing Activities		
Receipt/Payment of Borrowings	-	-
Net cash used in financing activities	-	-
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	4.48	(1.73)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	11.66	13.40
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	16.14	11.66

Note

1 The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Ind AS 7 on "Statements of Cash Flows".

2 Cash and cash equivalents comprises of:

a) Cash on hand	6.33	7.78
b) Balance with banks in current account	9.81	3.88
Cash and cash equivalents	16.14	11.66

This is the Statement of Cash Flow referred to in our report of even date.

For Swapnesh & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 326908E

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Chowrasta Stores Private Limited

For CHOWRASTA STORES PVT. LTD. For CHOWRASTA STORES PVT. LTD.

Sridevi S.

Sridevi Subramanian
Partner
Membership No.: 068205

UDIN:-25069205BMOMKN3246



Director

Bal Kishan Gourisaria
Director
(DIN : 01568557)

Director

Niranjan Kumar Choraria
Director
(DIN : 03626290)

Place: Kolkata

Date: 30th day of April 2025

Notes forming part of the financial statement

1 The company is an unlisted company and in the business of Retail Shop of Liquor .

2 Significant accounting policies

2.1 Basis of accounting and preparation of financial statements

A Compliance with Ind-AS

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind-AS") as issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA"). The Company had prepared its Standalone financial statements in accordance with accounting standards notified under the section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 [as amended]. prudential norms for income recognition, assets classification and provisioning for non-performing assets as well as contingency provision for standard assets as prescribed by The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) for NBFCs and the guidelines issued by Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) to the extent applicable, collectively referred as "Previous GAAP".

B Basis of Measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values.

C Measurement of fair value

A number of Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. The Company has established policies and procedures with respect to the measurement of fair values. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).estimates.

D Use of estimates and judgements and Estimation uncertainty

In preparing these financial statements, management has made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the Company's accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, expenses and the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognised prospectively.

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were issued. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

Following are areas that involved a higher degree of estimate and judgement or complexity in determining the carrying amount of some assets and liabilities.



CHOWRASTA STORES PRIVATE LIMITED

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i) Impairment charges on loans and advances

The measurement of impairment losses requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These are based on the assumptions which are driven by a number of factors resulting in future changes to the impairment allowance. A collective assessment of impairment takes into account data from the loan portfolio (such as credit quality, nature of assets underlying assets financed, levels of arrears, credit utilization, loan to collateral ratios etc.), and the concentration of risk and economic data (including levels of unemployment, country risk and performance of different individual groups). These significant assumptions have been applied consistently to all period presented.

ii) Effective Interest Rate (EIR) Method

The Company recognizes interest income / expense using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected life of the loans given / taken. This estimation, by nature, requires an element of judgement regarding the expected behaviour and life-cycle of the instruments, as well as expected changes to other fee income/expense that are integral parts of the instrument.

iii) Impairment of Financial Assets

The measurement of impairment losses on loan assets and commitments, requires judgement, in estimating the amount and timing of future cash flows and recoverability of collateral values while determining the impairment losses and assessing a significant increase in credit risk.

The Company's Expected Credit Loss (ECL) calculation is the output of a complex model with a number of underlying assumptions regarding the choice of variable inputs and their interdependencies. Elements of the ECL model that are considered accounting judgements and estimates include:

- The Company's criteria for assessing if there has been a significant increase in credit risk
- The segmentation of financial assets when their ECL is assessed on a collective basis
- Development of ECL model, including the various formulae and the choice of inputs
- Selection of forward-looking macroeconomic scenarios and their probability weightings, to derive the economic inputs into the ECL model

It has been the Company's policy to regularly review its model in the context of actual loss experience and adjust when necessary.

iv) Provisions and other contingent liabilities

The reliable measure of the estimates and judgements pertaining to litigations and the regulatory proceedings in the ordinary course of the Company's business are disclosed as contingent liabilities.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Company and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

E Revenue Recognition

Income

The Company recognises income (including rent, etc.) on accrual basis to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. However, where the ultimate collection of revenue lacks reasonable certainty, revenue recognition is postponed.



CHOWRASTA STORES PRIVATE LIMITED

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i) Interest Income on loans

Interest income from debt instruments is recognised using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider the expected credit losses.

Income from loan other than above is recognised on accrual basis as per the term and condition of the loan agreement, except in the case of non-performing assets where it is recognized, upon realization, as per the Prudential Norms / Directions of the Reserve Bank of India, applicable to Non-Banking Financial Companies.

ii) Dividends

Dividends are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss only when the right to receive payment is established, and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company and that the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

iii) Sale of Stock in trade

Revenue from sale of stock for trade (shares/securities, commodities and mutual fund) is recognised when a binding obligation has been entered into and revenue can be reliably measured.

Profit/loss from derivative instrument (future and options) are recognized on a marked to market basis.

iv) Other Income

The Company recognises income on accrual basis as it becomes due.

F Property, Plant and Equipments (PPE)

PPE are stated at cost of acquisition (including incidental expenses), less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any

Assets held for sale or disposals are stated at the lower of their net book value and net realisable value

Advances paid towards the acquisition of PPE outstanding at each balance sheet date are disclosed separately under other non-financial assets.

Capital work in progress comprises the cost of PPE that are not ready for its intended use at the reporting date.

Depreciation charge

Depreciation on PPE is provided on written down value (WDV) basis in accordance with the useful lives specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 on a pro-rata basis

The estimated useful lives used for computation of depreciation are as follows;

Computer and data Processing Units	- 3 to 6 years
Office Equipments	- 5 years
Furniture and fixtures	- 10 years

PPE is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the net carrying amount of the asset) is recognised in other income / netted off from any loss on disposal in the Statement of profit and loss in the year the asset is derecognised.

Impairment of property, plant and equipment

An assessment is done at each balance sheet date as to whether there are any indications that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, an estimate of the recoverable amount of the asset is made. Where the carrying value of the asset exceeds the recoverable amount, the carrying value is written down to the recoverable amount.

G Financial Instruments;

i) Recognition and Initial Measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in Statement of profit and loss.



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ii) Classification of Financial Assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at

- Amortised cost;
- Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) - equity instruments;
- Fair value through profit and loss account (FVTPL) ;

a) Amortised cost

The Company's business model is not assessed on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but at a higher level of aggregated portfolios being the level at which they are managed. The financial asset is held with the objective to hold financial asset in order to collect contractual cash flows as per the contractual terms that give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payment of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding. Accordingly, the Company measures Bank balances, Loans, Trade receivables and other financial instruments at amortised cost.

b) FVOCI - equity instruments

The Company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value through profit or loss, unless the Company's management has elected to classify irrevocably some of its equity instruments at FVOCI, when such instruments meet the definition of Equity under Ind AS 32 Financial Instruments and are not held for trading.

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVTPL.

c) Subsequent measurement of financial asset

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured at amortised cost using effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in Statement of profit and loss. Any gain and loss on derecognition is recognised in Statement of profit and loss.

For equity investments, the Company makes an election on an instrument-by-instrument basis to designate equity investments as measured at FVOCI. These elected investments are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the reserves. The cumulative gain or loss is not reclassified to Statement of profit and loss on disposal of the investments. These investments in equity are not held for trading. Instead, they are held for strategic purpose. Dividend income received on such equity investments are recognised in Statement of profit and loss.

Equity investments that are not designated as measured at FVOCI are designated as measured at FVTPL and subsequent changes in fair value are recognised in Statement of profit and loss.

Financial assets at FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognised in Statement of profit and loss.

iii) Financial liabilities and equity instruments:

At Amortised Cost

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by Company are recognised at the proceeds received. Transaction costs of an equity transaction are recognised as a deduction from equity.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortised cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for trading or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in Statement of profit and loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognised in Statement of profit and loss.



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iv) Derecognition

a) Financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

If the Company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognised on its balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets, the transferred assets are not derecognised.

b) Financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation in respect of the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying value of the financial liability and the consideration paid is recognised in Statement of profit and loss.

v) Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the balance sheet when, and only when, the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

vi) Impairment of financial assets

The Company applies expected credit losses (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of loss allowance on the following:

> Trade receivables

> Financial assets measured at amortised cost (other than trade receivables and lease receivables)

> Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

In case of trade receivables, the Company follows a simplified approach wherein an amount equal to lifetime ECL is measured and recognised as loss allowance. In case of other assets, the Company determines if there has been a significant increase in credit risk of the financial asset since initial recognition. If the credit risk of such assets has not increased significantly, an amount equal to 12-month ECL is measured and recognised as loss allowance. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, an amount equal to lifetime ECL is measured and recognised as loss allowance. Subsequently, if the credit quality of the financial asset improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Company reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL. ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original effective interest rate.

H Inventories

Items of Inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value.

I Earnings per share

Earning per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders, by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earning per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of share outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all diluted potential equity shares.

J Taxation

Tax expense comprises of current tax and deferred tax.

Current income-tax are measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Indian



Income Tax Act,1961.

Deferred tax reflects the impact of current year timing differences between taxable income and accounting income for the year and reversal of timing differences of earlier years.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet

K Provisions

A provision is recognised when the company has a present obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

L Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises

There are no Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises, to whom the Company owes dues, which are outstanding for more than 45 days as at 31st March 2025. This information as required to be disclosed under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

M Provisioning/ Written-off Assets

The Company makes provision for Standard and Non-Performing Assets as per the Non-Banking Financial (Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Companies Prudential Norms (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2007, as amended from time to time. The Company also makes additional provision towards loan assets, to the extent considered necessary, based on the management's best estimate.

N Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and Cash Equivalents in the Cash Flow Statement comprise of cash on hand and at bank, demand deposit with banks, cheques on hand, remittances in transit and short term highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

O Segment reporting

Based on the risks and returns associated with business operations and in terms of Indian Accounting Standard, the Company is predominantly engaged in a single reportable segment of 'Financing and Related Services'.



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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Amount in Lakhs)

3 Property, plant and equipment

Particulars	Electric Installation	Computer	Total
Gross block			
At 1 April 2024	0.36	1.97	2.33
Additions	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 Mar 2025	0.36	1.97	2.33
Additions	-	-	-
Disposals/assets written off	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 Mar 2025	0.36	1.97	2.33
Accumulated depreciation			
At 1 April 2024	0.30	1.95	2.25
Depreciation charge for the year	-	-	-
Adjustments for disposals	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2025	0.30	1.95	2.25
Depreciation charge for the year	-	-	-
Adjustment for deferred payment	-	-	-
Adjustments for disposals	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 Mar 2025	0.30	1.95	2.25
Net block as at 31 March 2024	0.06	0.02	0.08
Net block as at 31 March 2025	0.06	0.02	0.08



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(Amount in Lakhs)

	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
4 Long Term Loans & Advances (Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)		
Loans to body Corporates	85.00	103.94
-Corporates	<u>85.00</u>	<u>103.94</u>
	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
5 Inventories		
Stock in Trade	59.37	38.09
	<u>59.37</u>	<u>38.09</u>
	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
6 Cash and cash equivalents		
Balances with banks		
- in current accounts	9.81	3.88
Cash in hand	6.33	7.78
	<u>16.14</u>	<u>11.66</u>
	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
7 Other current assets		
Other Advance	-	0.42
Advance to suppliers	0.06	0.01
Tax Deducted at Source & Tax Collected at Source	9.53	8.91
	<u>9.59</u>	<u>9.34</u>



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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Amount in Lakhs)

	As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 March 2024	
	Number	Amounts	Number	Amounts
8 Equity share capital				
Authorised share capital				
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	50,000	5.00	50,000	5.00
	50,000	5.00	50,000	5.00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up				
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	49,190	4.92	49,190	4.92
	49,190	4.92	49,190	4.92

a) Reconciliation of equity share capital

There is no movement in the equity share capital during the current and comparative period.

b) Terms and rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10 each. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

c) No additional shares were allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus shares or pursuant to contract without payment being received in cash during the last two years. Further, none of the shares were bought back by the Company during the last two years.

d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company:

	As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 March 2024	
	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
Gamco Ltd (Formerly known as Visco Trade Associates Ltd)	28,100.00	57.13%	28,100.00	57.13%
Golden Goenka Commerce Pvt Ltd	9,000.00	18.30%	9,000.00	18.30%
Golden Goenka Credit Pvt Ltd	8,995.00	18.29%	8,995.00	18.29%
Cyrus J. Madan	2,695.00	5.48%	2,695.00	5.48%

e) Details of shareholding of promoters :

Promoters name	As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 March 2024	
	No. of shares	% of Total shares	No. of shares	% of Total shares
Gamco Ltd (Formerly known as Visco Trade Associates Ltd)	28,100.00	0.57	-	-
Cyrus J. Madan	2,695.00	0.05	-	-

9 Other equity**Reserves and surplus**Securities Premium

16.76

Retained earnings

Surplus/(Deficit) at the beginning of the year

124.96

Add: Profit / (loss) for the year

8.36

Surplus/(Deficit) at the end of the Year

133.33

150.09**141.72****Retained earnings**

Retained earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till date, less any transfer to general reserves, dividends and other distributions made to the shareholders.

11 Trade payables

Total outstanding dues to micro enterprises and small enterprises

-

Total outstanding dues to creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises

-

1.96

1.96

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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Amount in Lakhs)

Dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises

The dues to micro, small and medium enterprises as required under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("MSMED Act, 2006") to the extent information available with the Company is given below:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
a) the principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of each accounting year;	-	-
b) the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (27 of 2006), along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year;	-	-
c) the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which has been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006;	-	-
d) the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and	-	-
e) the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	-	-

The above information has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the company.

Trade Payables Ageing Schedule

Particulars	Outstanding as on March 31, 2025 from due date of payment						Total
	Unbilled Due	Not Due	Upto 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total			-	-	-	-	-

Particulars	Outstanding as on March 31, 2024 from due date of payment						Total
	Unbilled Due	Not Due	Upto 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	1.96	1.96
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total			-	-	-	1.96	1.96

12 Other financial liabilities

	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Audit Fees	0.30	0.30
Liability for expenses	2.43	2.45
	2.73	2.75

13 Provisions

	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Provision for employee benefits		
- Gratuity	1.50	1.50
Provision for Income Tax	2.81	2.13
SalesTax in Liquor	8.11	8.11
	12.42	11.74



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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2025

	(Amount in Lakhs)	
	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
10 Deferred tax assets/Liabilites (net)		
Deferred tax assets arising on account of:		
Difference between written down value of property, plant and equipments as per books of accounts and Income Tax Act, 1961		-
	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities arising on account of:		
Difference between written down value of property, plant and equipments as per books of accounts and Income Tax Act, 1961	0.00	0.01
Gain on fair valuation of investments		
	0.00	0.01
Total deferred tax assets/(Liabilites) (net)	0.00	(0.01)

Movement in deferred tax assets (net)

Particulars	As at 01 April 2024	Recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss	Recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	As at 31 March 2025
Assets				
Difference between written down value of property, plant and equipments as per books of accounts and Income Tax Act, 1961	-	0.00		0.00
Total	-	0.00	-	0.00
Liabilities				
Difference between written down value of property, plant and equipments as per books of accounts and Income Tax Act, 1961				
Total	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax assets/(Liabilites) (net)	-	0.00	-	0.00

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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Amount in Lakhs)

	Year ended 31 March 2025	Year ended 31 March 2024
14 Revenue from operations		
Revenue from Sale of Liquor	1,027.69	893.96
	1,027.69	893.96
15 Other income		
Contract Fee for Shelf Hire	2.40	2.00
Commission Income	0.10	-
Interest on Income Tax Refund	0.28	0.23
Sundry balance written back	1.14	-
Rebate and Discount	12.91	4.84
	16.83	7.07
16 Purchases of Stock-in-Trade		
Material Purchased	1,000.80	878.53
	1,000.80	878.53
17 Employee benefits expense		
Salaries and wages	8.49	11.69
Staff welfare expenses	2.05	3.07
	10.54	14.76
18 Other expenses		
Bank charges	5.22	0.75
Carrying cost	7.02	7.42
Electricity expenses	0.41	0.45
Filling Fees	0.08	0.22
General expenses	2.41	1.65
Packing Charges	5.10	0.89
Paper & Periodicals	0.69	0.60
Postage & Courier	-	0.21
Printing & Stationery	2.04	1.48
Professional & Consultancy Fees	-	0.25
Rates and taxes	0.32	0.33
Rent & Service Charges	1.68	1.68
Repair and maintenance:	5.53	0.92
Selling & Distribution Expenses	11.01	7.72
Software Expenses	0.09	0.08
Telephone expenses	0.12	0.25
Travelling and conveyance	1.22	2.09
Payment to auditors:		
Statutory audit	0.20	0.20
Tax audit	0.10	0.10
Certificate and Others	0.03	-
	43.27	27.29
19 Tax expenses		
Current tax	2.81	2.12
Deferred tax	0.00	0.01
	2.82	2.13
20 Earning per equity share		
Net profit/(loss) attributable to the equity shareholders		
Net profit/(loss) for the year	8.36	6.30
Nominal value of equity share (₹)	10.00	10.00
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding	49,190	49,190
Basic earnings per share	17.00	12.81
Diluted earnings per share	17.00	12.81



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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Amount in Lakhs)

21 Related party disclosures

Information on related party transactions as required by Ind AS 24 - Related Party Disclosures for the year ended 31 March 2025

a) List of related parties

Name of the Company	Relationship
Gamco Ltd (Formerly known as Visco Trade Associates Ltd) The Chowrasta Store	Holding Company Entity in which Director is a partner
Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)	
Name of the person	Designation
Bal Kishan Gourisaria	Director
Niranjan Kumar Choraria	Director
Cyrus J. Madan	Director

b) Transactions with related parties

Nature of transactions	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Reimbursement of expenses	Nil	Nil
Rent paid to The Chowrasta Stores (Partnership Firm) having KMP as partners .	1.68	1.68
Advance taken	Nil	Nil
Advance repaid during the year	Nil	Nil
Remuneration to KMP	Nil	Nil

c) Balance with related parties

Remuneration to KMP	Nil	Nil
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22 Segment reporting

a) Based on guiding principles in Ind AS 108 - "Segment Reporting," the primary business segment of the Company is "Retail Shop of Liquor ". As the Company operates in a single primary business segment, disclosure requirements are not applicable. The Company caters to the domestic market and accordingly there is no reportable geographical segment.

The Board of Directors ("the Board") of the Company review the performance of the Company at the enterprise level. The Board relies primarily on the results at the enterprise level for assessing performance and making decisions about resource allocation and hence, management believes that there are no reportable segments.

b) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of advances) and not provided for amount is Nil (31 March 2025: Nil)

c) Contingent liabilities (to the extent not provided for)	As at	As at
Bank guarantee	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
	Nil	Nil



Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2025

23 Fair value measurement

(Amount in Lakhs)

a) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost

	As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 March 2024	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	16.14	16.14	11.66	11.66
Loans & Advance	85.00	85.00	103.94	103.94
Total financial assets	101.14	101.14	115.60	115.60
Financial liabilities				
Trade payables	-	-	1.96	1.96
Other financial liabilities	2.73	2.73	2.75	2.75
Total financial liabilities	2.73	2.73	4.71	4.71

b) Financial assets and liabilities by category

	As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 March 2024	
	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	FVTPL	Amortised Cost
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	-	16.14	-	11.66
Loans	-	85.00	-	103.94
Total financial assets	-	101.14	-	115.60
Financial liabilities				
Trade Payables	-	-	-	1.96
Other financial liabilities	-	2.73	-	2.75
Total financial liabilities	-	2.73	-	4.71

Note:

The management assessed that the fair value of cash and cash equivalents, Loans, trade payables, Borrowings and other financial liabilities approximate the carrying amount largely due to short-term maturity of these instruments. The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities is included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties.

c) Fair value hierarchy

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value in the Statement of Profit and Loss are grouped into three Levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three Levels are defined based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for financial instruments.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly

Level 3: unobservable inputs for the asset or liability

The following table shows the Levels within the hierarchy of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at 31 March 2025.

As at 31 March 2025	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets:				
Investments	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-

Computation of fair values

Investments in mutual funds are short-term investments made in growth funds whose fair value is considered as the net asset value (NAV) declared by their respective fund houses on a daily basis. NAV represents the price at which the fund house is willing to issue further units in such fund/the price at which the fund house will redeem such units from the investors. Thus the declared NAV is similar to fair market value for these mutual fund investments since transactions between the investor and fund houses will be carried out at such prices

The above disclosures are presented for investments measured at fair value. Carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, trade

receivables, other current financial assets, trade payables and other current financial liabilities represents the best estimate of fair value.

24 Financial risk management

Company's senior management is responsible for establishing and monitoring the risk management framework within its overall risk management objectives and strategies approved by the Board of Directors. Such risk management strategies and objectives are established to identify and analyse potential risks faced by the Company, set and monitor appropriate risk limits and controls, periodically review the changes in market conditions and assess risk management performance. Any change in Company's risk management objectives and policies need approval of its Board of Directors.

i) Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. Credit risk arises primarily from financial assets such as trade receivables, other balances with banks, loans and other receivables.

a) Trade Receivables

The trade receivables are subject to credit risk exposures. The company extends credit to the customers in the normal course of business as per the contracts / agreements. Customer's outstanding balances are regularly monitored. The company does not identify specific concentrations of credit risk with regard to trade and other receivables as the same are outstanding from related party. Trade receivables are usually due within 30 days. The company does not identify specific concentrations of credit risk with regard to trade receivables(not related) as the amount recognised represents a small number of receivables from various customers.

b) Other Financial Instruments

Credit risks from other financial instruments includes mainly cash and cash equivalents, investments and deposits with banks. The credit risk for liquid funds and other financial assets is considered negligible since the other counter parties are reputed banks/mutual fund houses with high quality external credit ratings. The Company has no exposure to credit risk relating to its cash and cash equivalents.

ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. The Company's corporate treasury department is responsible for liquidity, funding as well as settlement management. In addition, processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by the senior management.

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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2025

The Company's liabilities have contractual maturities which are summarised below:

	Carrying Amount	On demand	6 to 12 Months	Above 12 months	Total
As at 31 March 2025					
Trade payables	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	2.73	2.73	-	-	2.73
Total	2.73	2.73	-	-	2.73
As at 31 March 2024					
Trade payables	1.96	-	-	1.96	1.96
Other financial liabilities	2.75	2.75	-	-	2.75
Total	4.71	2.75	-	1.96	4.71

iii Market risk

Market risk is the risk of potential adverse change in the Company's income and the value of Company net worth arising from movement in foreign exchange rates, interest rates or other market prices. The Company recognises that the effective management of market risk is essential to the maintenance of stable earnings and preservation of shareholder value. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the overall returns.

a) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Foreign currency risk arises when transactions are denominated in foreign currencies. The Company operates in INR and but is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from foreign currency transactions, with respect to the US Dollar and Euro. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities denominated in a currency that is not the Company's functional currency. The Company does not hedge its foreign exchange receivables/ payable.

b) Price risk

The price risk arises due to uncertainties about the future market values of the investments. The company does not have investments in mutual funds or any other securities.

c) Interest rate risk

There are no borrowings from banks/ financial institutions or inter corporate deposits. The Company does not have any material interest rate risk.

iv) Capital management

The Company manages its capital to ensure that the Company will be able to continue as going concern while maximizing the return to shareholders through the optimization of debt and equity balance. The Company has no outstanding debt.

The Board of Directors review the capital structure of the Company on need basis. As part of this review boards evaluates the leverage in Company and assessment of cost of capital.

25 The disclosure on the following matters required under Schedule III as amended not

- During the year, the Company has not granted any loans to any of its Promoters, Directors, KMPs & related parties.
- The Company does not have transactions with any Struck off Company's during the year.
- The Company has not disclosed any undisclosed income to income tax authorities.
- The Company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority
- No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder
- The Company during the year has not entered into any such transaction in which requirement for compliance of Registration of Charges or satisfaction is required with Registrar of Companies.
- The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement
- The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right-of-Use Assets)/ Intangible assets (if any), based on the valuation by a registered valuer as defined under rule 2 of the Companies (Registered Valuers and Valuation) Rules, 2017.
- The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year

26 Ratio Analysis and its elements is referred as annexure 1.**27 Corporate social responsibility (CSR) expenditure.**

The Company does not fall into the limits prescribed in Sec. 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the applicability of Corporate social responsibility expenditure. Therefore, the company does not have any expenditure in the nature of the corporate social responsibility.

28 The Branch Office address of the company is Chowrasta Store FL Off Shop, Chowrasta, The Mall, Darjeeling - 734 101**29 The financial statements are approved for issue by the Board of Directors in its meeting held on****30 The figures for the previous year have been regrouped, wherever necessary, to make them comparable with the figures for the current year.****31 The Figures have been converted to nearest Lakhs.**

As per our report of even date.

For Swapnesh & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 326908E

Sridevi
Sridevi Subramanian
Partner
Membership No. : 068205
Place: Kolkata
Date: 30th day of April 2025
UDIN: 25068205BM0MKH3246



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Chowrasta Stores Private Limited.

For CHOWRASTA STORES PVT. LTD.

For CHOWRASTA STORES PVT. LTD.

Niranjan
Niranjan Kumar Choraria
Director
(DIN : 03626290)

Bal Kishan
Bal Kishan Gourisaria
Director
(DIN : 01568557)

Director

CHOWRASTA STORES PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U51228WB1999PTC090374

P-45 GORAGACHA ROAD KOLKATA- 700053

Email Id : chowrasta2019@gmail.com

Ratio Analysis and its elements

Annexure 1

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	Current Period	Previous Period	% Variance
Current ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	5.61	3.59	2.02
Debt-equity ratio	Total Debt	Shareholder's Equity	0.00	0.00	0.00
Debt service coverage ratio	Earning for Debt Service = Net Profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses like depreciation and other amortizations + Interest + other adjustments like loss on sale of Fixed assets etc.	Debt service = Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayments	0.00	0.00	0.00
Return on equity ratio	Net Profits after taxes – Preference Dividend (if any)	Average Shareholder's Equity	0.06	0.04	0.01
Inventory turnover ratio	Cost of goods sold OR sales	Average inventory =(Opening + Closing balance / 2)	21.09	37.09	(16.00)
Trade receivables turnover ratio	Net Credit Sales=Net credit sales consist of gross credit sales minus sales return. Trade receivables includes sundry debtors and bill's receivables.	Average trade debtors = (Opening + Closing balance / 2)	0.00	0.00	0.00
Trade payables turnover ratio	Net Credit Purchases =Net credit purchases consist of gross credit purchases minus purchase return	Average Trade Payables	0.00	0.00	0.00
Net capital turnover ratio	Net Sales=Net sales shall be calculated as total sales minus sales returns.	Working Capital =Working capital shall be calculated as current assets minus current liabilities.	14.69	20.97	(6.28)
Net profit ratio	Net profit shall be after tax	Net Sales =Net sales shall be calculated as total sales minus sales returns.	0.01	0.01	0.00
Return on capital employed	Earning before interest and taxes	Capital Employed = Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability	0.00	0.00	0.00